





**WEBINAR** 

20 April 2021 | 15:00 CEST iwa-network.org/webinars

# IWA SPECIALIST GROUP ON STRATEGIC ASSET MANAGEMENT





Rita Salgado Brito – LNEC, Portugal Chair



Oliver Nachevski – GIZ, North Macedonia Vice-chair



Bénédicte Rulleau – INRAE, France Secretary and Treasurer



Helena Alegre – LNEC, Portugal Member



Rita Amaral – Lis-Water, Portugal YWP Member



Cristiano Gonçalves Nascimento Gouveia – Caesb. Brazil



Eric Montes – Maynilad Water, Philippines



Nicolas Caradot – KWB, Germany YWP Member



Elvira Estruch Juan – ITA, Spain YWP Member



Boudewijn Neijens – Copperleaf Technologies, Canada Member



Takayuki Sawai – NJS Co. Ltd, Japan Member



Sandra Cecilia Muhirirwe – NWSC, Uganda YWP Member



Andres Torres – Pontificia Universidad Javeriana, Colombia Member

#### Management Committee of IWA SAM SG

- Join over 1,300 water professionals:
   <a href="https://iwa-connect.org/group/strategic-asset-management/timeline">https://iwa-connect.org/group/strategic-asset-management/timeline</a>
- The platform for collaboration and knowledge sharing on Asset Management
- Organising the 2022 LESAM conference in Bordeaux





**Alexander** Ringe

**Berliner** Wasserbetriebe

Germany

Aisha Mamade

**Baseform** Portugal

**Pascale Rouault** 

**KWB** 

Germany

Youen **Pericault** 

Luleå **University of Technology** Sweden

**Srinath** Kumar

**SewerAl USA** 

**Dulcy Abraham** 

**Purdue** University USA

**Nico** Caradot

**KWB** Germany **Elvira Estruch** 

Universitat Politècnica de València Spain

#### **AGENDA**



- Introduction
  - Nico Caradot | Elvira Estruch
- 1. Improving rehabilitation strategies by using simulation models

  \*Alexander Ringe\*\*
- 2. Al Tools for Asset Management Planning

  Aisha Mamade
- Q&A Panel Discussion 1
- 3. Uncertainties in sewer deterioration models: How much can we trust?

  Pascale Rouault
- 4. Data-enabled coordination of urban infrastructures rehabilitation Youen Pericault
- 5. Al-Enabled Sewer Defect Coding for Greater Speed and Consistency Srinath Kumar | Dulcy Abraham
- Q&A Panel Discussion 2

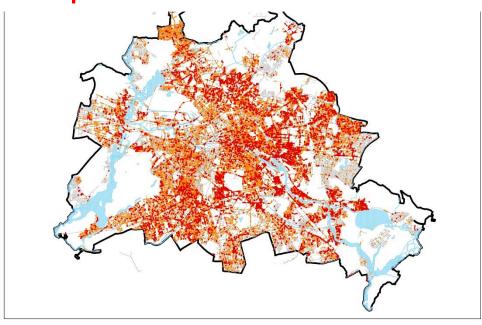




#### CHALLENGE SEWER NETWORK BERLIN



# Symbolic visualisation - no real rehab need in map!



- ~ 10.000 km of sewers
- ~ 750 km/a of CCTV
- € for rehabilitation limited (sewage fee etc.)
- construction constraints in the city
- prevent further deterioration

#### map legend:

\_\_\_\_\_ sewer network Berlin

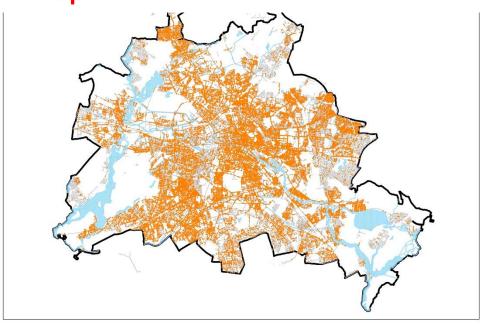
symbolic sewer lines with short-term need for rehabilitation

symbolic sewer lines with mid-term need for rehabilitation

#### **GOAL OF INVESTMENT STRATEGY**



# Symbolic visualisation - no real rehab need in map!



- reduce risk of collapse!
- optimise € for rehabilitation!
- continuously improve network condition!

#### map legend:

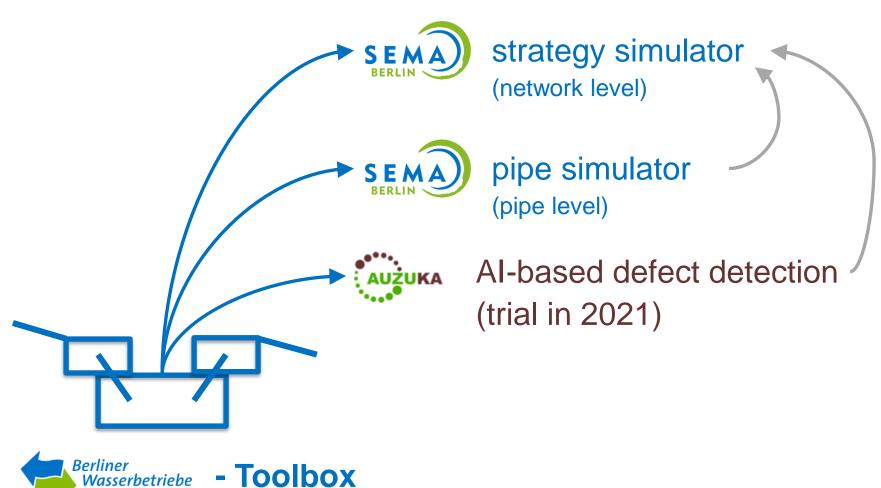
\_\_\_\_\_ sewer network Berlin

symbolic sewer lines with short-term need for rehabilitation

symbolic sewer lines with mid-term need for rehabilitation

#### STRATEGY IMPLEMENTATION TOOLS





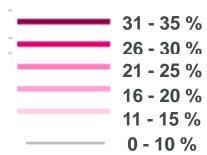






- Allocation of pipes with short-term rehabilition need
- Supports inspection strategy (hotspot search)

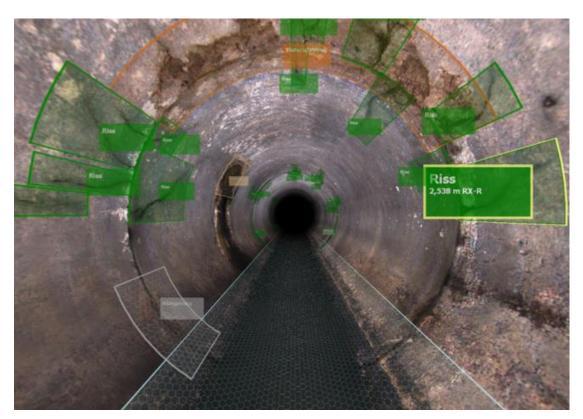
Probability of pipe for short-term rehab need:





## Aużuka Al-based defect detection





- Trial in 2021
- Improvement of CCTV evaluation quality (input data of strategy simulator)

#### **Cutout of Al- Viewer:**



Automatic crack detection

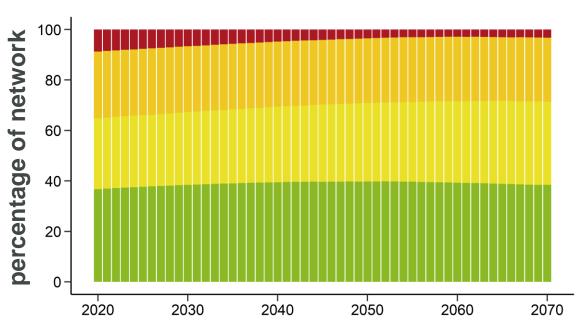


Automatic corrosion detection









- Simulation of cost effective rehabilitation strategy (renewal & lining & repair)
- Simulation of network development incl. €

**Need of rehab:** 



short-term



long-term

mid-term



none

#### **FINDINGS OF**





- Use of simulation models is essential for a cost effective rehabilitation strategy of the sewer network
- Quality of input data determines quality of simulation results focus on quality of input data!
- The quality of sewer network development modelling also depends strongly on the extent to which it takes into account actual rehabilitation practice and success of inspection strategy!



# Thank you very much for your attention!



Alexander Ringe alexander.ringe@bwb.de







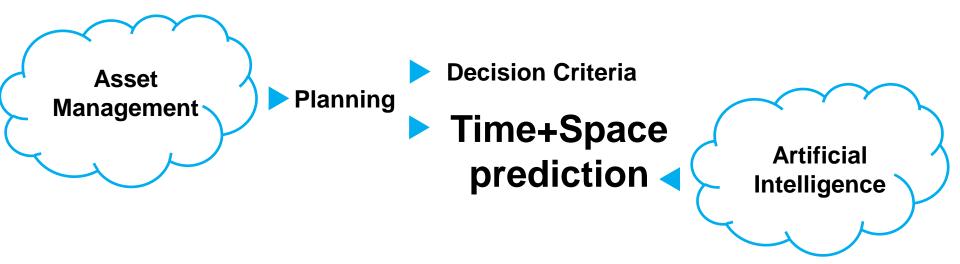


AISHA MAMADE BASEFORM, PORTUGAL poselorm



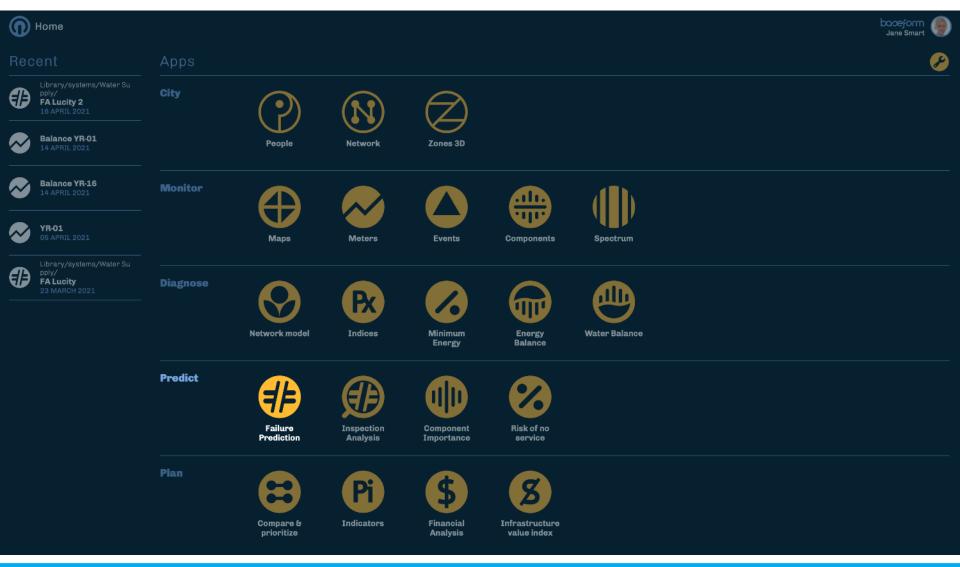
#### **SOME DEFINITIONS**





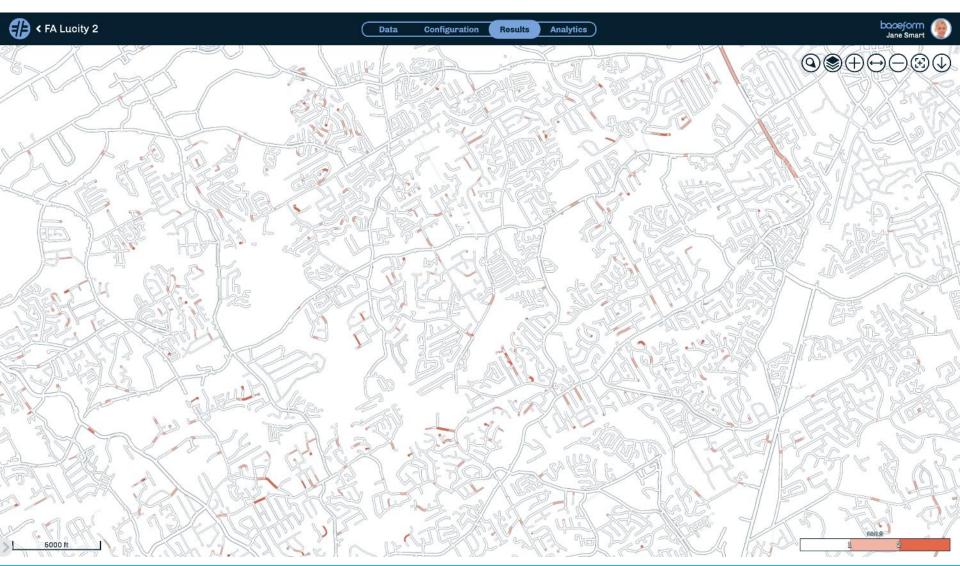
### **BASEFORM PREDICT APPS**





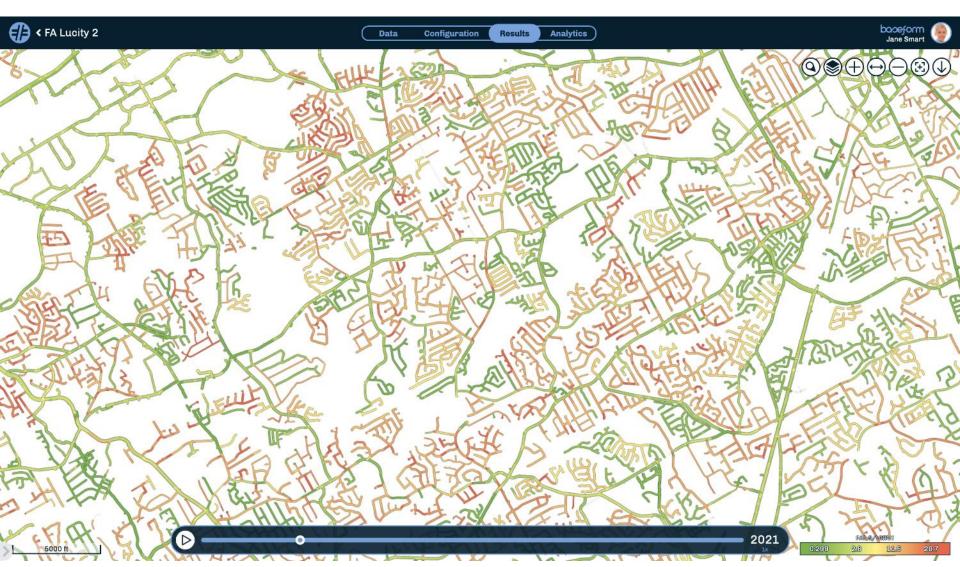
## **OBSERVED PIPE BREAKS**





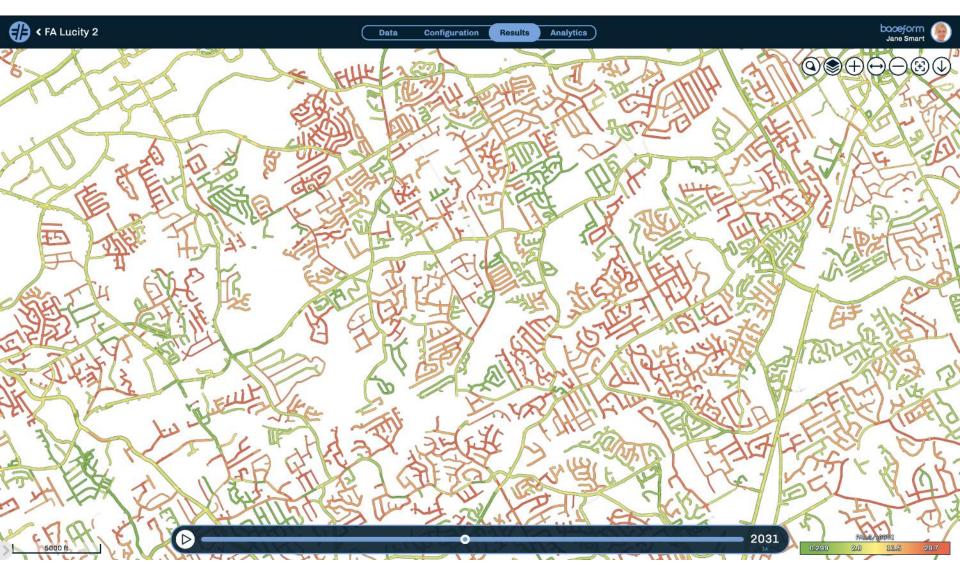
## PREDICTED BREAK RATE





## PREDICTED BREAK RATE





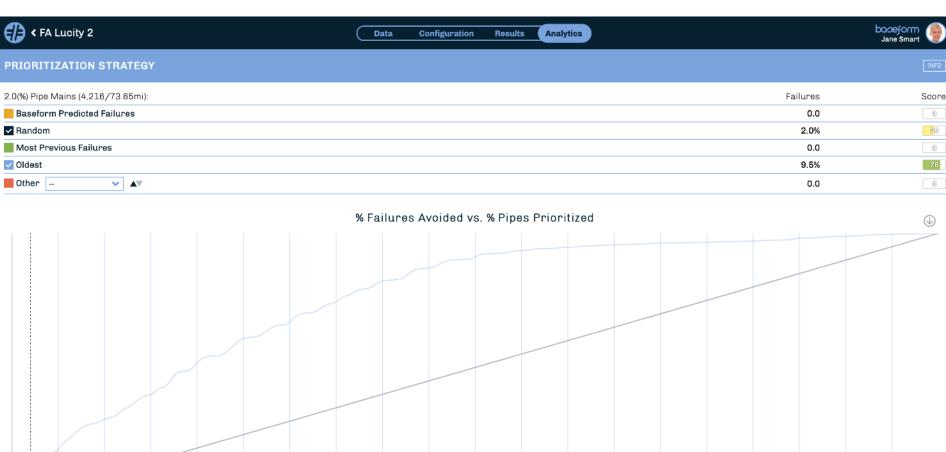
## PREDICTED BREAK RATE





### **HOW GOOD ARE THESE ESTIMATES?**



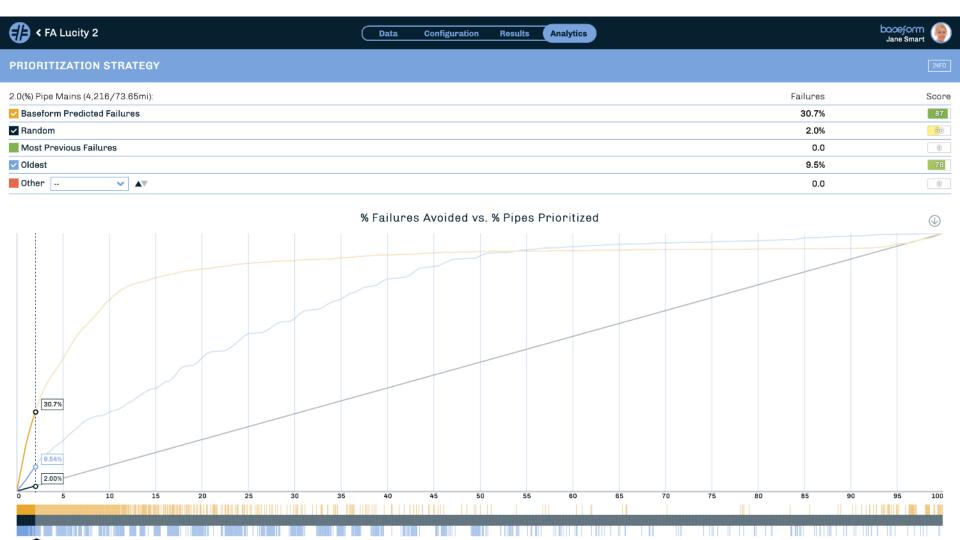




9.54%

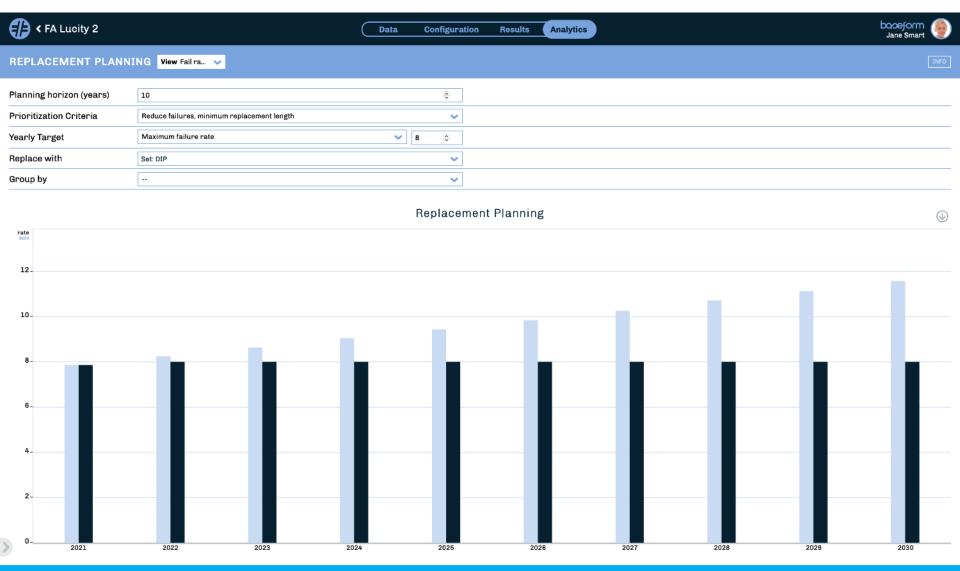
### **HOW GOOD ARE THESE ESTIMATES?**





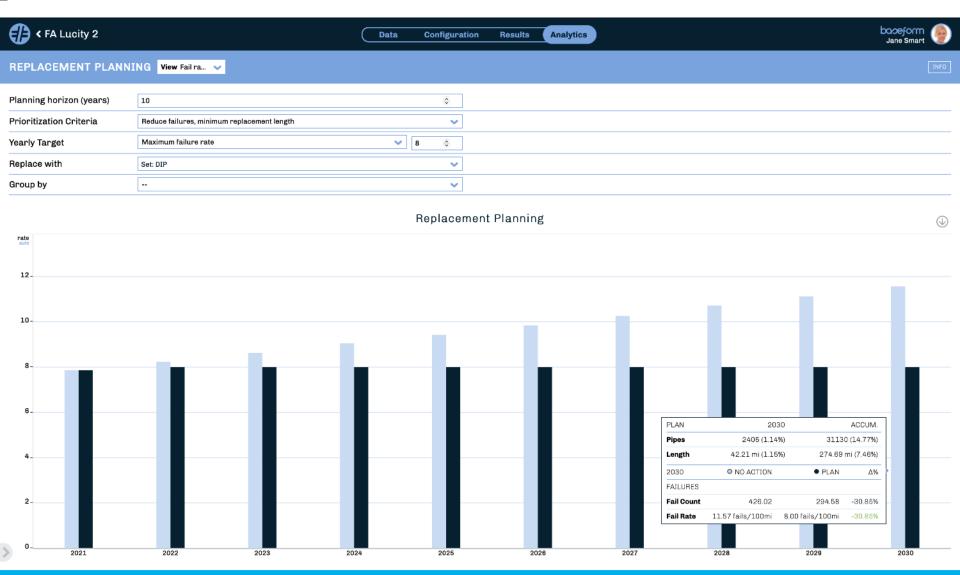
# CAN I CREATE A RENEWAL PLAN WITH THESE RESULTS?





### **HOW MUCH BETTER IS THIS PLAN?**





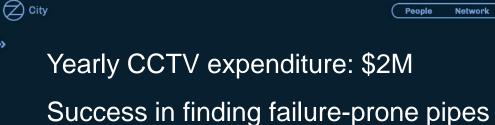
## **HOW MUCH BETTER IS THIS PLAN?**



PLAN	203	ACCUM.		
Pipes	2405 (1.14%	3113	0 (14.77%)	
Length	42.21 mi (1.15%	274.69	274.69 mi (7.46%)	
2030	O NO ACTION	• PLAN	Δ%	
FAILURES				
Fail Count	426.02	294.58	-30.85%	
Fail Rate	11.57 fails/100mi	8.00 fails/100mi	-30.85%	

#### PREDICTING STRUCTURAL CONDITION



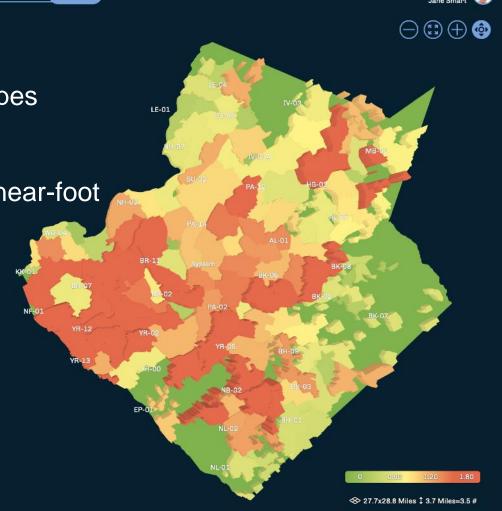


Previously: \$40 per linear-foot

Guided by the software: \$16 per linear-foot

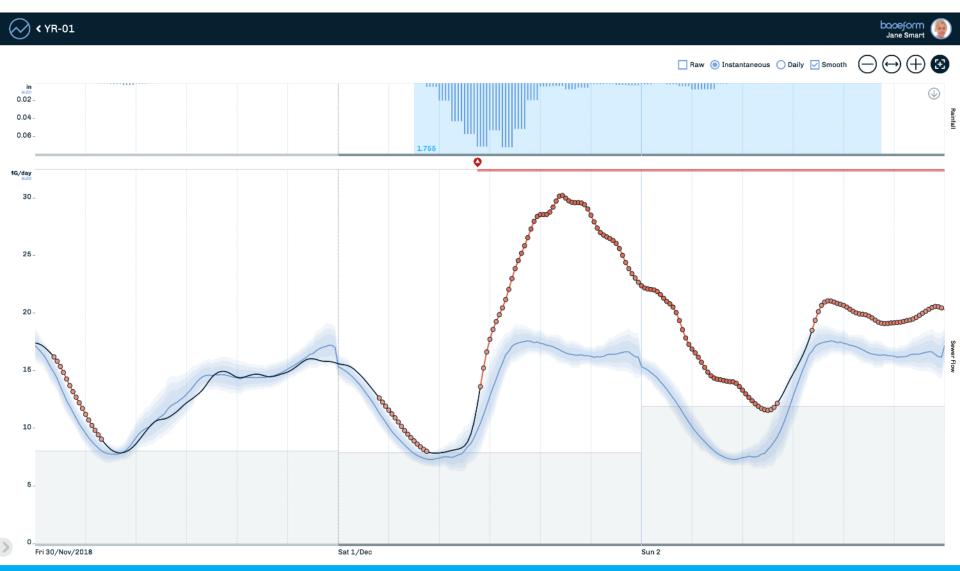
A 59% cost reduction;

or 3 times better



### PREDICTING HUMAN CONSUMPTION





#### **THANKS!**



# the fundamental purpose of the water service has not changed

what is changing is our ability to make informed decisions.

aisha.mamade@baseform.com



# **Q&A Discussion 1**

ALEXANDER RINGE, AISHA MAMADE

(MODERATED BY NICO CARADOT & ELVIRA ESTRUCH)

# POLL 1: USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

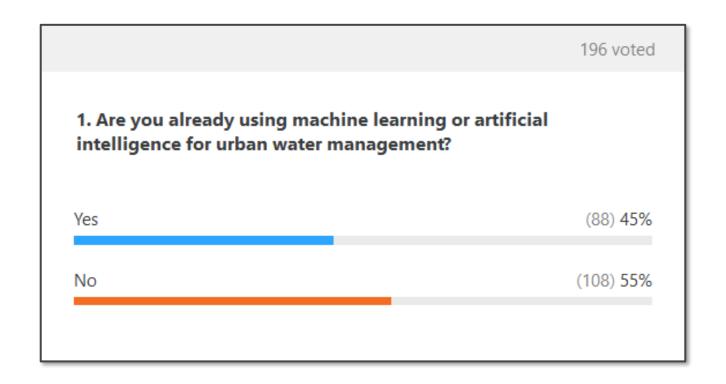


#### Single choice

- 1. Are you already using machine learning or artificial intelligence for urban water management?
- Yes
- No

# POLL 1: USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE





# POLL 2: POTENTIAL FOR AI



#### Single choice

- 1. Where do you see the most potential for Al in urban water management?
- Water quality and quantity monitoring
- Condition assessment
- Operation and maintenance
- Investment and capital planning
- Treatment performance
- Water losses
- No potential

# POLL 2: POTENTIAL FOR AI



l in urban water
(18) 9%
(51) 25%
(62) 30%
(32) 15%
(12) 6%
(32) 15%
(1) 0%





**PASCALE ROUAULT** KWB, GERMANY KOMPETENZZENTRUM Wasser Berlin



#### **MODEL TOOLS ARE POWERFUL**



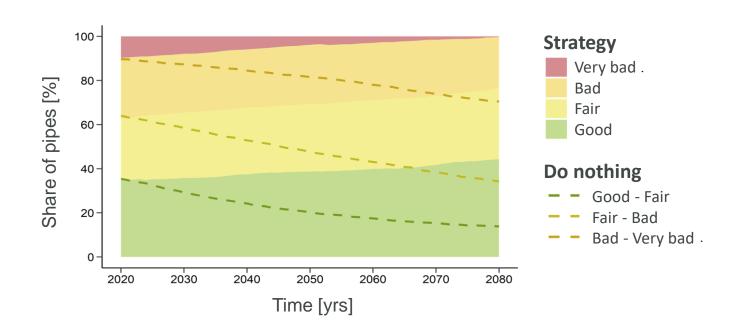
See Presentation Alexander Ringe (BWB) for the city of Berlin

#### Strategic network simulator

Long-term predictions on the sewer network condition under consideration of different investment strategies

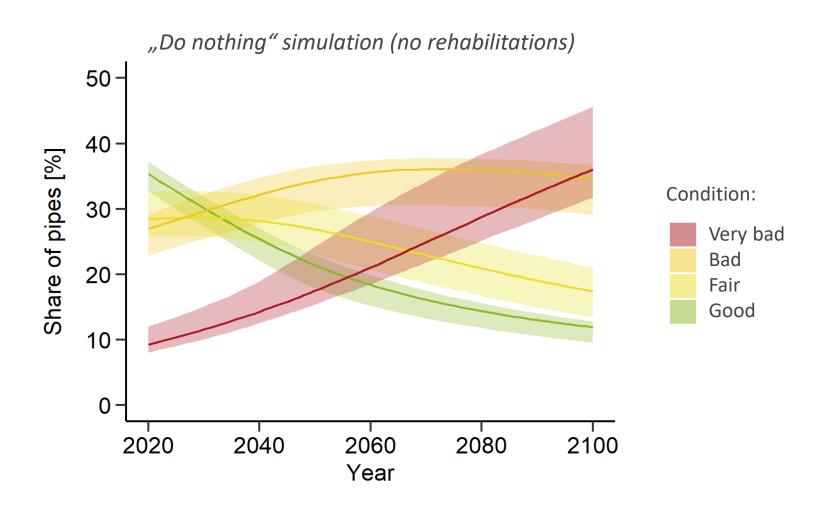
Statistical model "GompitZ"





# AS EVERY MODEL THEY ARE UNCERTAIN BUT HOW UNCERTAIN?





## **SOURCES OF UNCERTAINTIES**

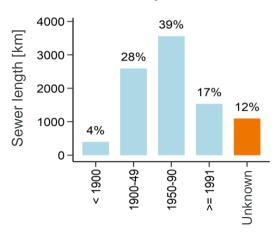


Group	Uncertainty source			
Network data (input data uncertainties)	Missing data (e.g. construction year)			
CCTV data (calibration uncertainties)	<ul> <li>Subjectivity of condition assessment</li> <li>Survival bias in condition data</li> <li>Data availability (data quantity and representativity)</li> </ul>			
Deterioration + rehabilitation models (model structure uncertainties)	<ul> <li>Statistical representation of condition</li> <li>Representation of repairs and linings</li> </ul>			

### 1. MISSING DATA



#### Construction years in Berlin:



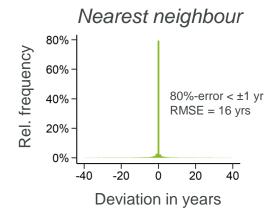
#### Two approaches tested for filling gaps:

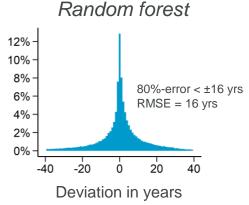
- Nearest neighbour model based on construction year of neighbouring pipes
- Random Forest (input: sewerage type, shape, diameter, soil type, buildings, ...)

#### Findings:

- All data gaps can be closed
- Accurate prediction for majority of pipes
- Symmetric error distribution
- Marginal effect on long-term sewer condition prediction

Uncertainty range: ‡ 0.5%





### 2. SUBJECTIVE ASSESSMENT



Uncertainty matrix: Probabilities of being in real condition *i* when inspected in condition *j* 

real

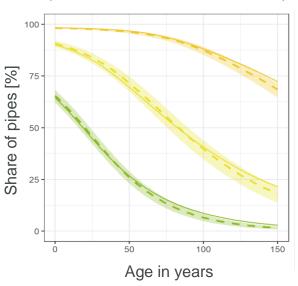
		1	2	3	4	
Inspected	1	82,2	7,7	4,3	3,5	
	2	13,5	72,2	16,4	6,4	
	3	3,6	18,2	72,9	18,0	
	4	0,7	1,9	6,4	72,1	
	Σ	100	100	100	100	

Uncertainties originate from (i) subjective assessment and (ii) delayed documentation of rehabilitations -> 70% for Berlin (assumption!)

quantified on basis of double inspections of the same pipe within max. 5 yrs without reported rehab (n = 4685)

Propagation of uncertainties from subjective assessment in survival curves (clay pipes)

(solid line = default survival curve)



- Relevant uncertainties and systematic error in default survival curves
- Delayed documentation of rehabilitations is a major factor

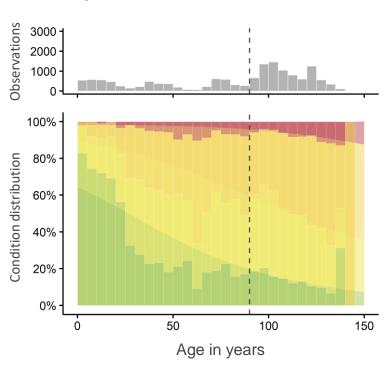
Uncertainty range: 3.8%

## 3. SURVIVAL BIAS

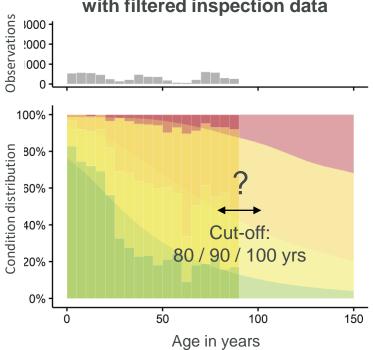


Example: clay pipes (combined sewage)

#### Inspection data with survival bias



## Calibration of survival curves with filtered inspection data



- ➤ Inspection data are biased: too few inspections of old pipes in very bad condition → too optimistic survival curves
- > However, survival bias and ageing patterns are hard to distinguish

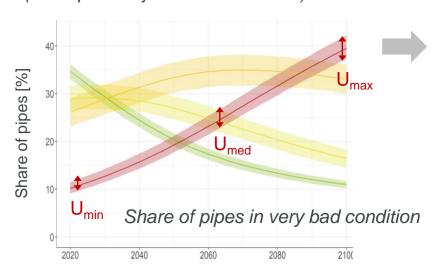
Uncertainty range: 3.9%

## RANKING OF UNCERTAINTY FACTORS

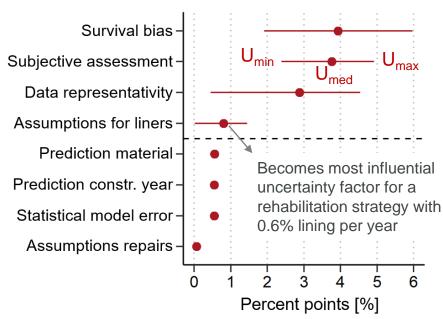


#### **Uncertainty propagation for do-nothing simulation**

#### (Example: subjective assessment)



#### Ranking of uncertainty factors

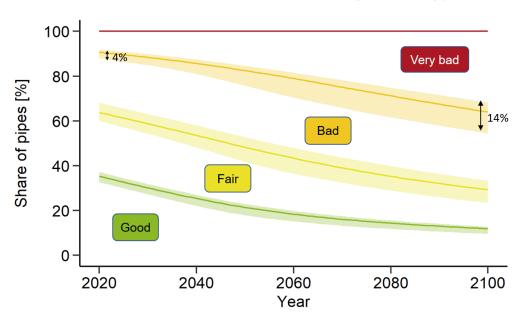


- Four relevant uncertainty sources have been identified
- Assumptions for liners can become the most influential factors for rehab strategies with relevant lining shares, e.g. > 0.5% per year

## **OVERALL UNCERTAINTIES**



#### Overall uncertainties ("Do-nothing" strategy)



- Predictions for the condition of the sewer network are subject to relevant uncertainties
- Overall uncertainties regarding the proportion of pipes in very bad condition for a 80yrs forecast are 14 percentage points for a do-nothing-simulation
- For a selected rehabilitation strategy with a rehab rate of 1% per year \* uncertainties increase to approx. 20 percentage points

\* 20% renewal, 60% lining, 20% repair

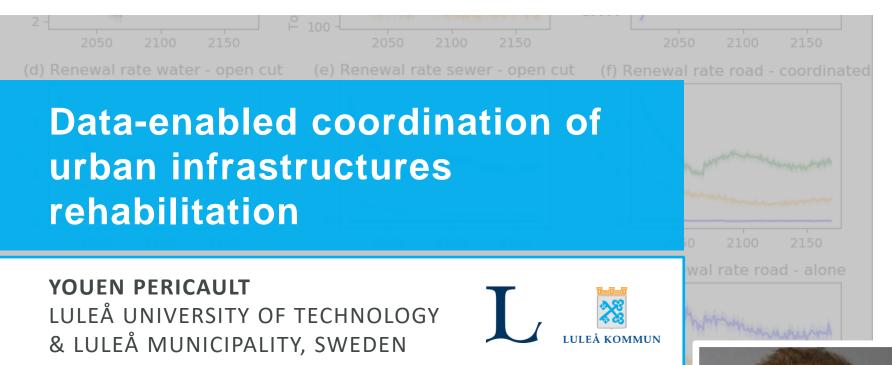
### **PERSPECTIVES**



- The results can help utlities in...
  - Developing more reliable rehabilitation strategies
  - Reducing the identified uncertainties in the future
- Potential for reduction of uncertainties is seen in...
  - Support of condition assessment with Al-based image recognition
  - An improved and prompt documentation of rehabilitations and the condition of rehabilitated sewers
  - Experiments and long-term observations on the deterioration of liners,
     plastic pipes, reinforced concrete and other marginal material

Contact: pascale.rouault@kompetenz-wasser.de







### **COORDINATED REHABILITATION**

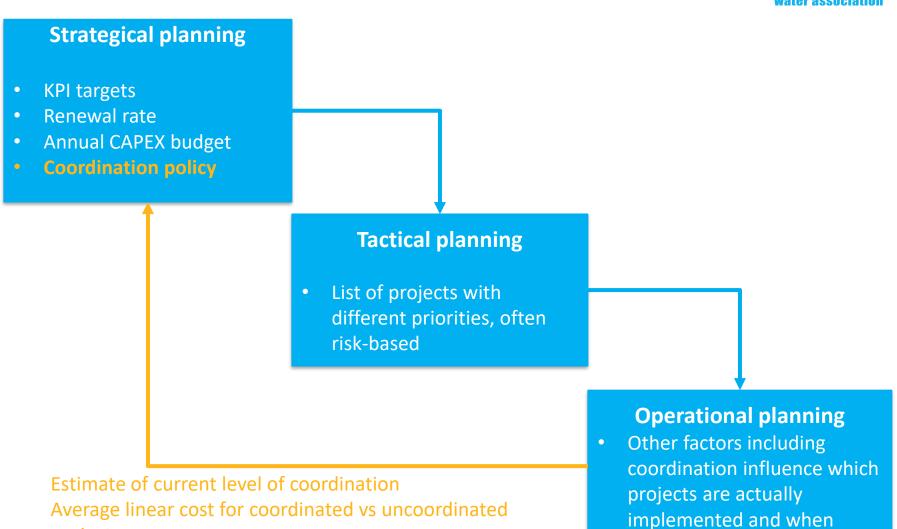


- The fact of rehabilitating adjacent infrastructure assets (i.e. pipes, pavement) earlier or later than the end of their functional lives in order to perform the civil works in a single project.
- If done right, major opportunity to meet rehabilitation needs of multiple infrastructures at a lower economical, social and environmental cost.

Probably lower linear costs per rehabilitated asset Lower risk of damaging adjacent infrastructures Under-utilized functional life for assets replaced earlier Lower performance and higher risks for assets replaced late

# COORDINATED REHABILITATION IN THE IAM PROCESS





inspiring change 46

projects

# INTERESTING QUESTIONS FOR A WATER UTILITY



- How much coordinated rehabilitation do I perform today? Should I perform more? Less?
- Could I make a better use of coordination by steering its use from the strategical level?
- What are the long term consequences of coordination on my costs and level of risk/performances?

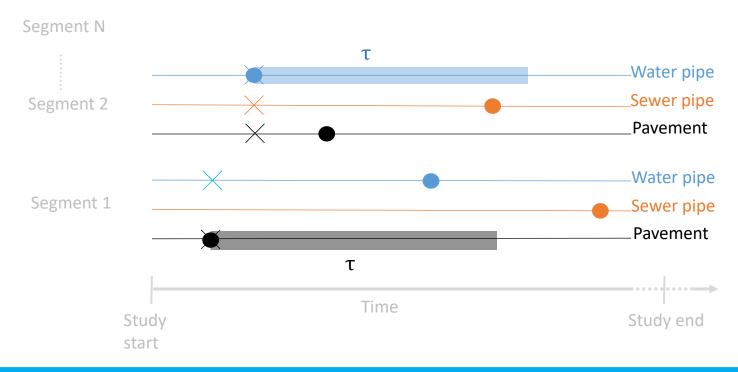
There is today a lack of method and modelling tools to address these questions at the strategical decision level.

Develop a better understanding of coordination at the strategical level allow for a more pro-active use of it to reach given goals.

## **QUANTIFYING COORDINATION**



- Research at LTU: concept of coordination window
- Tau=0 → opportunistic coordination; Tau=∞ → systematic coordination.
- Concept can be used to define coordination policies or to analyse previous coordination projects

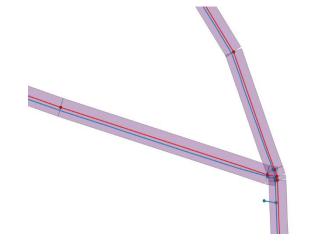


## MODELLING COORDINATION



- MURM prototype: compute long term rehab rate and costs for a given coordination policy (tau value)
- Main input data: linear costs of different rehab actions, cohort survival functions, integrated asset inventory:

	Cohort water	Cohort sewer	Inst. Year water	Inst. year sewer	Length (m)
Segment 1	Grey cast iron	Clay	1925	1925	45
Segment 2	Ductile cast iron	Concrete	1975	1990	32
Segment N	PE	PVC	2001	2001	52



- Functional lifetimes sampled according to survival functions, inter-infra correlation can be chosen.
- Simulation is repeated and average cost values computed (monte-carlo approach)

# EXAMPLE OF RESULTS: RESIDENTIAL STREETS OF LULEÅ



Figure showing cumulated capital cost for the period 2020-2120 as a function of coordination window size (tau)

Contact panelist if you wish to receive a copy of the figure: youen.pericault@ltu.se

- 3500 segments,176km
- Search for optimal levels
- Multi-criteria decision problem
- Total cost for rehab of water, sewer and road network.

# EXAMPLE OF RESULTS: RESIDENTIAL STREETS OF LULEÅ



Figure showing the evolution of yearly capital costs, global warming potential and renewal rates over the period 2020-2120 for a tau value of 0, 20 and 100 years.

Contact panelist if you wish to receive a copy of the figure: youen.pericault@ltu.se

- Visualisation of yearly economical and environmental costs
- Renewal rates to support each utility in securing adequate future budget to follow the agreed tau value.
- Good base to start discussing costs sharing principles.



## **THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**



## Al-Enabled Sewer Defect Coding for Greater Speed and Consistency

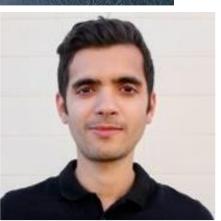
**DULCY M. ABRAHAM**PURDUE UNIVERSITY, USA

SRINATH SHIV KUMAR SEWERAI, USA





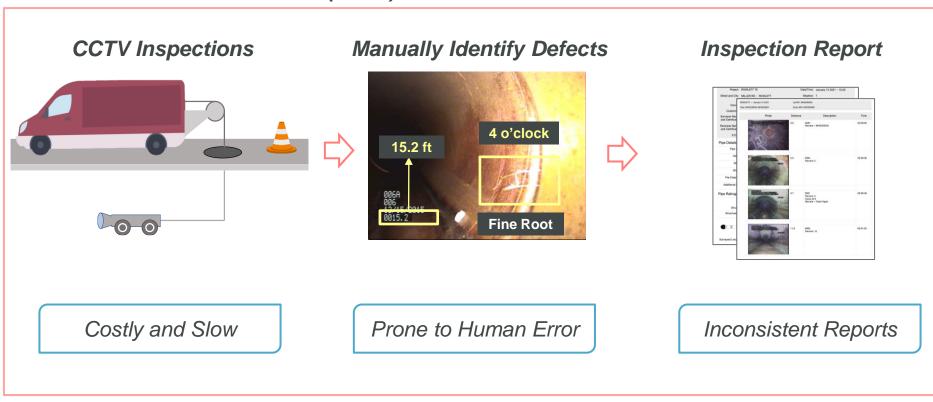




## **SEWER INSPECTION PROCESS**



#### Water Research Foundation (WRF) # 4902



How can Al Address these Issues?

## **TERMINOLOGY**

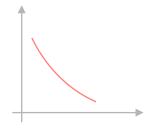


#### Artificial Intelligence

### Deep Learning

#### Numerical

Predicting Sewer Deterioration Rates



#### Audio

Acoustic Leak
Detection



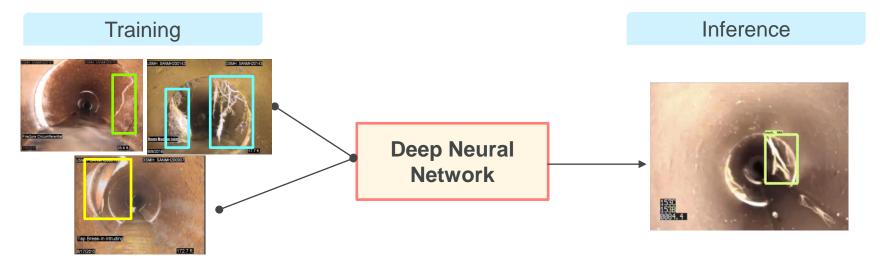
#### Vision

Automated Sewer Defect Detection

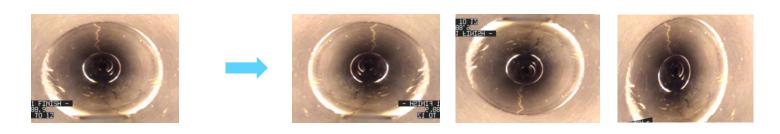


## **SEWER DEFECT DETECTION**





12,000 original images each for training



500,000 images after augmentation

## **FINDINGS OF WRF4902 STUDY**





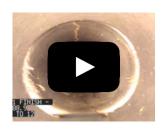
#### Better Recall than Humans

Al misses < 10% of defects, humans miss 25% of defects (Dirksen et al. 2013)

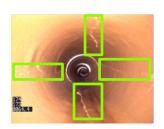
#### Worse Precision than Humans

Al creates 50% False Positives (humans < 5%)

Human experts are needed to review Al's outputs



Al Defect Detection



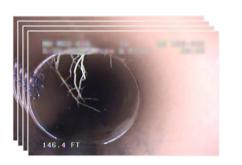
Human Review

- Add Images Into Training Set
- Customer Deliverable

## **SEWERAI PIONEER™ PLATFORM**



## www.sewerai.com/pioneer









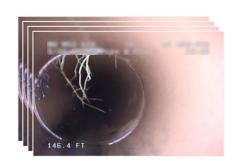


## **SEWERAI PIONEER™ PLATFORM**



### www.sewerai.com/pioneer

#### **Under the Hood**









#### Humans Review Al's Outputs

- o Code Defects
- Correct Al Errors
- o Re-Train Al







Defects Identified by AI





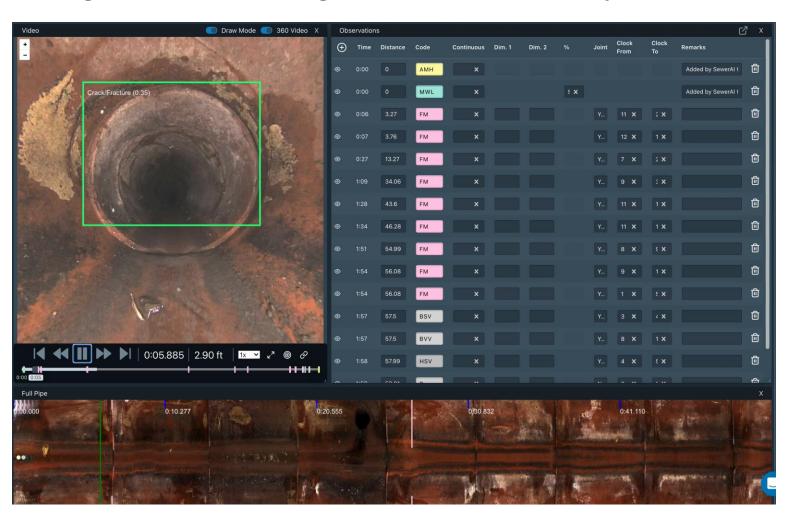




# LARGE UTILITY IN CALIFORNIA: EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITIES DISTRICT



I&I Investigation → 65 miles of Digital Side Scan data in 18 days



## **CONTRACTOR IN US WEST COAST** PIPE AND PLANT SOLUTIONS INC.



#### **Traditional Workflow**



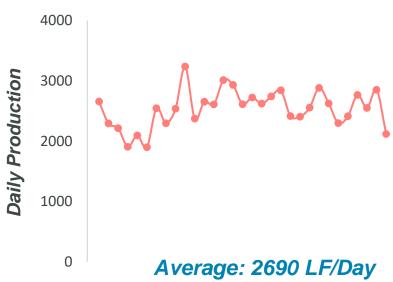
## 4000 Daily Production 3000 2000 1000

Average: 1340 LF/Day

0

#### AI-Enabled Workflow





## **LESSONS LEARNED**



Al can be more accurate and consistent than humans at identifying defects

Important to have human in-the-loop for reviewing AI outputs

Al-Enabled workflow → Significant improvement in productivity, accuracy, and consistency

#### **Drone Inspections**



#### **Jetter Cameras**



www.sewerai.com/pioneer



## **Q&A Discussion 2**

PASCALE ROUAULT, YOUEN PERICAULT, DULCY ABRAHAM, SRINATH KUMAR

(MODERATED BY NICO CARADOT & ELVIRA ESTRUCH)

# EURO-SAM SEWER ASSET MANAGEMENT WORKSHOP

- Held online on 16-17 June 2021
- Free of charge
- 20 speakers
- Latest R&D outcomes on sewer asset management
- Register now at:
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